

IT'S EASY!

powtórzenie materiału
z języka angielskiego po V klasie,
gramatyka + słownictwo

DEMO

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SPIS TREŚCI PEŁNEJ WERSJI

1. OKŁADKA
2. SPIS TREŚCI
3. STOPNIOWANIE PRZYMIOTNIKÓW - MIKS
4. STOPNIOWANIE PRZYMIOTNIKÓW - PORÓWNAJ
5. PRESENT SIMPLE - MIKS
6. PRESENT SIMPLE - TŁUMACZENIE ZDAŃ
7. PRESENT CONTINUOUS - MIKS
8. PRESENT CONTINUOUS - PRESENT SIMPLE - KTÓRY ZASTOSOWAĆ?
9. PAST SIMPLE - WAS/WERE, CZASOWNIKI NIEREGULARNE
10. PAST SIMPLE - MIKS, Q&A
11. BE GOING TO - MIKS
12. A/AN/THE/ANY/SOME/HOW MUCH/HOW MANY/NOT MUCH/NOT MANY
13. SŁOWNICTWO - HOBBY, MIASTO, SZKOŁA
14. SŁOWNICTWO - PRACA
15. SŁOWNICTWO - MIKS

Pamiętaj, że e-book jest przeznaczony tylko do TWOJEJ nauki
(lub do Twojej pracy z Twoimi uczniami).

Nie udostępniaj go innym nauczycielom,
znajomym i członkom grup na portalach społecznościowych.

Szanuj prawa autorskie.

Dziękuję za zakup moich materiałów,

Dorota Kowalska

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PRESENT CONTINUOUS

a/ Utwórz formę Present Continuous dla poniższych czasowników.

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| • cook - | • take- |
| • try - | • watch - |
| • wash - | • play - |
| • play - | • read - |
| • run - | • sit - |
| • lie - | • surf - |

b/ Przepisz zdania. UWAGA! Użyj formy skróconej "to be".

1. She is swimming now.
2. We are cooking today.
3. They are not skiing.
4. I am washing my hands.
5. Tom is not driving a car.
6. You are not crying.

c/ Zmień zdania twierdzące w pytania i przeczenia.

1. She's reading a book at the moment.

..... ?
..... X

2. We're having a party tonight.

..... ?
..... X

3. They're eating now.

..... ?
..... X

d/ Odpowiedz na pytania (krótkie odpowiedzi);
w przypadku odpowiedzi "Nie", podaj informację zgodną z prawdą.

- Are you cooking now? - No, I'm not. I'm washing the dishes.

1. Are you swimming now?
2. Is your teacher writing at the moment?
3. Are your friends watching a film now?
4. Are you sitting now?

e/ Uzupełnij zdania, pamiętając o odpowiedniej formie "to be" i końcówce "ing".

1. She (make) a bed now.
2. They (study) English today.
3. - you (draw)? - Yes,
4. They (not/watch) TV now.
5. I (stay) here this month.
6. - they (walk) the dog now? - No,
7. Bob and Amy (visit) their friends today.
8. My brother (not/do) his homework at the moment.
9. you (work) today? - No,
10. Nowadays, more and more kids (play) computer games.

f/ Udziel odpowiedzi, inspiruj się grafikami.



1. What is Lisa doing now?



2. What are you drinking?



3. Where are we going?



4. What are they eating?

IT'S EASY - POWTÓRKA PO KLASIE V

gramatyka, słownictwo

a/ Wpisz "a/an" przed rzeczownikami policzalnymi oraz kresek (-) przed niepoliczalnymi.

1. banana 11. juice
2. tea 12. apple
3. orange 13. sandwich
4. tomato 14. computer
5. salt 15. tiger
6. bread 16. yoghurt
7. carrot 17. table
8. flour 18. mouse
9. book 19. car
10. cream 20. oil

b/ Wpisz: a/an/any/some.

1. Is there soap in the fridge?
2. I haven't got bike.
3. I don't like vegetables.
4. There are kids in the garden.
5. Have you got books in the school bag?
6. There aren't pictures in Lucy's house.
7. There is cat in his room.
8. I need eggs for dinner.
9. There is pear on the table.
10. Has she got brother?

c/ Wpisz How much/How many.

1. sugar do you need?
2. apples do you have?
3. milk do you drink every day?
4. potatoes are there in the basket?
5. money do you have in your pocket?
6. bars of chocolate do you want to buy?
7. people are there in the park?
8. flour is there in the cupboard?
9. friends do you have?
10. water is there in the bottle?

d/ Przetłumacz słowa z nawiasów.

1. There are (dużo) oranges.
2. I'm sorry, there isn't (dużo) water in the glass.
3. There is (trochę) sugar in the jar.
4. There isn't (ani trochę) milk in the bottle.
5. There are (dużo) carrots but there aren't (za dużo) onions on the table.
6. There aren't (dużo) lemons but there are (kilka) plums.
7. There is (dużo) bread.

e/ Miks - wybierz poprawną odpowiedź.

1. sisters do you have?
a) Some b) Any c) How many
2. I don't want to eat this sandwich. There's too butter on it.
a) many b) much c) some
3. - Do you need anything? I'm going shopping.
- Yes, I need carrots and cucumber.
a) some, any b) some, a c) any, some
4. cheese is there in the fridge?
a) How much b) How many c) Some
5. She's got books. She loves reading!
a) any b) much c) a lot of
6. Have you got photos in the wallet?
a) an b) some c) any
7. - Would you like anything else?
- I'll take ham and bananas.
a) a, an b) some, two c) two, some
8. shops are there in your town?
a) How much b) How many c) Some
9. Is there fridge in her new flat?
a) any b) some c) a
10. kids are there in front of the cinema?
a) How much b) Some c) How many
11. I'll eat soup. Can I?
a) some b) any c) a

VOCABULARY

a/ Kółeczko słów nie pasuje do pozostałych? (Dlaczego? Podkreśl niepasujące słowo.)

1. swivel seat/classroom
2. English/river/Maths
3. doctor/sudo/karate
4. egg/four/playground
5. screen/laptop/bread
6. train/boat/milk
7. by/bike/singer/an foot
8. chef/party/tenorant
9. park/pear/forest
10. sugar/salt/volkano
11. tablet/headphone/monkey
12. music/sunbag/art
13. mouse/vegetable/fruit
14. lake/tum left/gu straight on

b/ Przetłumacz fragmenty zdań.

1. Can you use (smartfonia) at school?
2. The cinema is (naprzeciwko) the museum.
3. Do you want to go to the (centrum handlowego) with me?
4. I (opóźniając zmywarkę) in the morning.
5. It's my (impreza urodzinowa) tomorrow.
6. Bobby (wysłał dużo e-maili) every day.
7. I never go to school (poćwicząc).
8. Mela is (dobra w) tennis.
9. We're going (do Francji) in May.
10. Did you any (dostatek prezenty) for Christmas?
11. Do you like (robić selfie)?
12. - Why are you so (smutny)? - I'm not sad, I'm (zmęczony).
c/ Co lubi kto jest? Zagadki.
1. You can buy milk, meat and cheese there. - S
2. He has got cows and horses. - F
3. You can ride it in your free time. - B
4. There is a lot of sand. You can sunbathe there. - B

PRZYMIOTNIKÓW

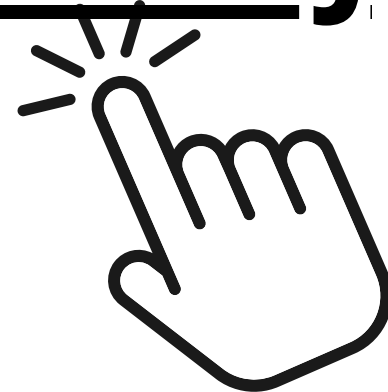
b/ Uzupełnij tabelę.

POLISH	ADJECTIVE	COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
zimny	cold	colder	the coldest
	warm		
wysoki		more intelligent	
dobry	dangerous		
		stronger	
	bad		the easiest
szczęśliwy			

/Wybierz poprawną formę danego przymiotnika.

9. Kelly has got the **shortest/shorter/short** hair in her class.
10. It was **colder/cold/the coldest** day in that month.
11. Lia is a **more beautiful/beautiful/the most beautiful** woman.
12. My mum is **good/better/the best** person in the world!
13. Monkeys are very the **funniest/funny/funnier** animals.
14. The Vistula is **long/better/the longest/longer** river in Poland.
15. The Vistula is **long/better/the longest/longer** river in Poland.

PEŁNA WERSJA TUTAJ



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